



Plant Trust and Starter Formula 24-2-12 Fertilizer (1000178)

Section 1. Identi	fication
GHS product identifier	: Plant Trust and Starter Formula 24-2-12 Fertilizer
Chemical name	: Dry fertilizer
Other means of identification	: 1000178
Product type	: Solid.
Identified uses Plant Trus	t and Starter Formula 24-2-12 Fertilizer
Supplier's details	: Floridia Enterprises, Inc. P.O. Box 156 Riva, MD 21140
	IN CASE OF EMERGENCY CALL 410-956-1481
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: INFOTRAC [®] North America: +1-800-535-5053 International: +1-352-323-3500 (24/7) Contact Email: Randy.lee@infotrac.net
Section 2. Hazar	ds identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered non-hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	: Plant Trust and Starter Formula 24-2-12 Fertilizer
Signal word Hazard statements	: Warning H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H315 - Causes skin irritation.
Precautionary statements	S Wear respirator or dust mask when using this product and wash hands and cloths when finished.



Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat No smoking. P220 - Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. P221 - Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles and other incompatible materials. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	 P391 - Collect spillage. P302 + P352 + P362-2 + P363 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Chemical name	: Dry fertilizer
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
Product code	: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	
Sulfur muriate of potash	2-6 10-30	7704-34-9 7447-40-7	
Sulfate of potash	10-30	7778-80-5	
Urea	10-30	57-13-6	

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary firs	t a	id measures
Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Maintain an open airway. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.



Section	on 4. F	First aid	l measures

Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes.
	Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before
	reuse.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/e	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	 Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: This material is very toxic to aquatic life. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.



Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides Sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spill: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or
confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with
equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container.
Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency
contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Keep away from heat. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	 Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.



Section 7. Handling and storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from
direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials
(see Section 10) and food and drink. Separate from reducing agents and combustible
materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that
have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do
not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental
contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Sulfur	ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Nuisance dust. OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Nuisance dust.

Appropriate engineering controls	1	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure : controls		Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.
Individual protection measure	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	1	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before

	eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	:	Solid. [Granular.]
Color	1	Brownish to multicolor.
Odor	1	Ammonia. [Slight]
Odor threshold	1	Not available.
рН	1	7.6 [Conc. (% w/w): 1%]
Melting point	1	Not available.
Boiling point	1	Not available.
Flash point	1	Not available.
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.
Vapor pressure	1	Not available.
Vapor density	1	Not available.
Relative density	1	Not available.
Solubility	1	Very slightly soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Not available.
Volatility	1	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. Conditions may include the following: contact with combustible materials Reactions may include the following: risk of causing or intensifying fire
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids and alkalis.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.



Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Acute toxicity								
Product/ingredient name	Result	S	pecies		Dose	•	Ехро	osure
Irritation/Corrosion								
Product/ingredient name	Result	Specie	s	Score		Exposure		Observatior
Sensitization								
There is no data available.								
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>								
There is no data available.								
Specific target organ toxicity	<u>y (single exposure)</u>							
There is no data available.								
Specific target organ toxicity There is no data available.	<u>y (repeated exposure)</u>							
Aspiration hazard								
There is no data available.								
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Dermal contact. Eye cor	itact. Inha	lation. Ii	ngestior	1.			
Potential acute health effects								
Eye contact	: Causes eye irritation.							
Inhalation	: Exposure to decomposit be delayed following exp	•	cts may	cause a	a health	n hazard. Se	erious	effects may
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.							
Ingestion	: Irritating to mouth, throa	t and stom	nach.					
Symptoms related to the phy	sical, chemical and toxico	logical ch	aracter	<u>ristics</u>				
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may pain or irritation watering redness	include th	e follow	/ing:				
Inhalation	: No known significant eff	ects or crit	tical haz	ards.				
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may irritation redness	include th	e follow	/ing:				
Ingestion	: No known significant eff	ects or crit	ical haz	ards.				
Delayed and immediate effec	ts and also chronic effects	s from sho	ort and	lona te	rm exp	osure		
Short term exposure								
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant eff	ects or crit	ical haz	ards.				
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant eff	ects or crit	tical haz	ards.				
Long term exposure								



Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Sulfur	Acute LC50 4.5 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
muriate of potash	Chronic NOEC >6 mg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cladocera	21 days
Sulfate of potash urea	Acute EC50 0.042 mg/L Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
urea formaldehyde crotonylidene diurea diammonium phosphate	Acute LC50 4 µg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Mesocyclops hyalinus - Adult	48 hours
SPM	Acute LC50 21.8 µg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
sodium borate	Acute LC50 2.36 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Cirrhinus mrigala	96 hours
iron EDTA manganese sucrate	Chronic NOEC 0.005 mg/L Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
manganese EDTA zinc sucrate	Chronic NOEC 45 µg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Acanthomysis costata - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 1.7 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 26 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Jordanella floridae	100 days

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential		
Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: There is no data available.				
Other adverse effects	ifects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.				



Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number			
UN proper shipping name	NON-DOT regulated	NON-DOT regulated	NON-DOT regulated
Transport hazard class(es)			
Packing group			
Environmental hazards	No	No.	No.
Additional information			

AERG :

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code



Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	1	TSCA 8(a) CDF	R Exer	npt/Part	ial exemption	n: Not determin	ed		
C C		United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.							
		Clean Water A	ct (CV	VA) 307:	Not determine	ed			
		Clean Water A	ct (CV	VA) 311:	Not determine	ed			
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Not listed							
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	:	Not listed							
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not listed							
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not listed							
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	:	Not listed							
SARA 302/304									
Composition/information	on i	ngredients							
No products were found.									
SARA 304 RQ	1	Not applicable.							
<u>SARA 311/312</u>									
Classification									
		Chronic health h	nazaro	ł					
Composition/information	on i	ngredients		1		-			
Name		%		Fire	Sudden	Reactive	Immediate	Delayed	

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Sulfur muriate of potash Sulfate of poatsh Urea	2-6 10-30 10-30 10-30	No No No.	No. No. No No	No. No. No.	No. No No No	Yes No No. No

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements			
Supplier notification			

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

- Massachusetts : The following components are listed: Sulfur;
- New York : None of the components are listed.
- **New Jersey**
- : The following components are listed: Sulfur;
- Pennsylvania
- : The following components are listed: Sulfur;
- California Prop. 65

No products were found.



Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health: 1 * Flammability: 0 Physical hazards: 0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 1 Flammability : 0 Instability : 0

Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History

Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy Version Prepared by	: 02/19/2020 : 3 : Michael Brooks
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.